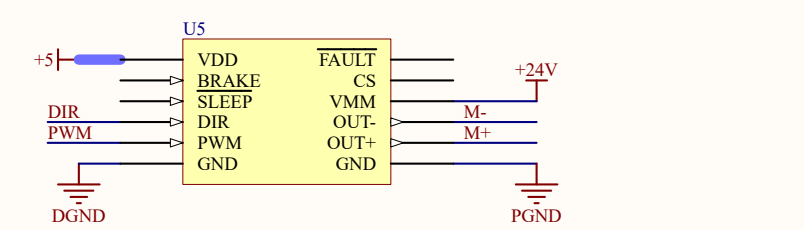
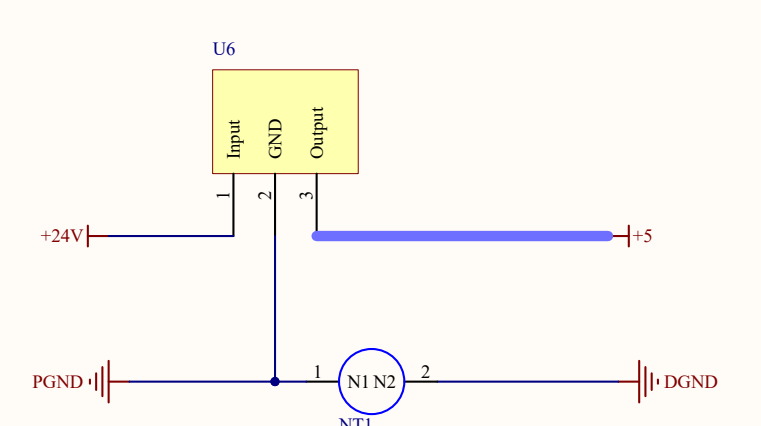


Notes

- * UART for host communications through FTDI chip
- * I2C for LidarLite
 - LidarLite has onboard 3k ohm pullups on the SCL and SDA lines so I don't need them. I added two NOT LOADED chips in case we need them.
- * PWM
 - The pwm line is a dual edge output compare pin from the MCCP peripheral. There is an interference with the default OC1A pin, so I'm moving it to OC1B.
- * FTDI Chip
 - Using the FT232RL SO chip to make it easier for me to solder.
 - Using it in bus powered mode because that requires the least amount of components.
 - Adding indicator LEDs because why not. They utilize the default operation of the CBUS0 and CBUS1 lines.
 - Adding a ferrite bead to the USB as per FTDI appnote.
 - The FTDI chip has its own 5v power rail that is powered by the bus. This should keep it nice and happy with the only connection to my systems being a ground tie and the Tx and Rx lines.
 - Shield tie to CGND which is tied to two of the mounting screws. The rest of the mounting screws are tied to DGND. That way my DGND and CGND are tied in the chassis and away from my device. Yay.
- * Pic24
 - At first I started out with the 28 pin pic, but then there are so many shared pins that I couldn't get i2c, spi, the uart and the pwm functionalities out of it without crossing pins. Absolute clusterfuck. I then switched to the 44 pin one. FV16KM204
- * SlipRing connector
 - This vertical connector was chosen for simple internal wire to board signal connection
 - TE connector with 0.1" pitch chosen for everything. It is available on digikey with models on octopart.

Rev2 Notes:

- Connected Pin 6 of the slipping to an optional PWM line
- The inductor selected in the bom and octopart is not right. The inductor is: M10805K400R-10 which is 0805 inch.
- Added bypass on U3
- Picked the right U5 component which is a SOT23
- Swapped Vss Vdd on pin 29 and 28 of the micro! Horrible.
- Added test points for SS on the SPI and also Tx Rx of the UART, and also raw inputs
- Added PWM system with a jumper and a routed the trigger line to a digital input



Crystal Research:

- I spent too much time researching crystals.
- <http://ww1.microchip.com/downloads/en/AppNotes/00826a.pdf> Good doc on basics of crystals for micro.
- Goes too deep:
- This is really all we need: <http://electronics.stackexchange.com/questions/121659/how-to-select-capacitor-for-a-crystal-oscillator>



The LidarLite has internal 3k ohm pullup resistors on the SDA and SCL lines.

The 4.7k resistors are

Using MSSP1 for the SPI and MSSP2 for I2C

Title		
Size	Number	Revision
Date:	3/6/2017	Sheet of
File:	Main Sheet.SchDoc	Drawn By: